



Warm-weather weed control – FAST!

Surge® Broadleaf Herbicide for Turf provides an amine option for FAST weed control in warmer weather. University data and cooperator tests have demonstrated consistently enhanced speed compared to other water-based amine weed control products. Surge provides outstanding control of spurge and other warm-weather weeds such as knotweed, plantain, oxalis, clover and dandelion. Additionally, Surge provides suppression of young and actively growing yellow nutsedge.

Surge contains sulfentrazone, an advanced chemistry for weed control in turf, in a precise ratio with 2,4-D, MCPP-p and dicamba. This ratio has been developed for optimum weed control. The mode of action inhibits a key enzyme required for chlorophyll production. Injury symptoms are visible within 24-48 hours. Weed control can occur 2X faster – in 14 days – instead of 28 days!

A water-based formulation, Surge provides an economical option for your

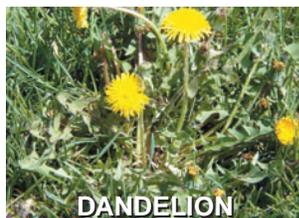
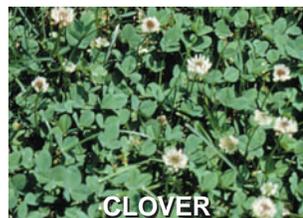
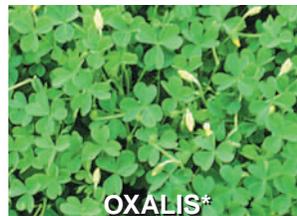
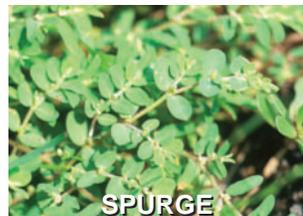
client's late spring, early summer and fall weed control needs. Surge excels as a warm-weather weed control option. Applications can be made at temperatures up to 90°F without loss of efficacy or speed when used as directed.

Surge is highly selective in established cool-season and warm-season turfgrasses, including bluegrass, fescues, perennial ryegrass, bentgrass, bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, centipedegrass, bahiagrass and buffalograss. Surge is rain-fast in as little as 6 hours, with a reseeding interval of 3-weeks. Surge provides versatility in your post-emergence weed control program.

When you use Surge, your clients will clearly see results within days, reducing call backs and improving your bottom line.

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*Yellow woodsorrel **Suppression only

- **Fast visual response reduces call backs**
- **Up to 2X faster than other amine products**
- **Economical – lower cost water-based formulation**
- **Warm-weather weed control option**
- **Yellow nutsedge suppression**
- **Suitable for application up to 90°F**
- **Low-odor formulation**
- **Designed for residential and commercial turf applications and many other sites**



RECOMMENDATIONS

Post-emergence broadleaf weed control in home lawns, golf courses, commercial property, schools, sod farms, and cemeteries, especially where rapid visual results are an advantage during warmer weather.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| Sulfentrazone* | 0.67% |
| 2,4-D, dimethylamine salt | 18.79% |
| Mecoprop-p, dimethylamine salt | 6.80% |
| Dicamba, dimethylamine salt | 3.02% |
| Inert Ingredients | 70.72% |

*Sulfentrazone-ethyl is a protox inhibitor, inhibiting a key enzyme in chlorophyll production which causes a disruption of plant cell membranes.

EPA Reg. No. 2217-867

PACKAGING:

| | |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| 4 X 1 gallon per case | |
| shipping weight | 36 lbs. |
| 2 X 2.5 gallons per case | |
| shipping weight | 46 lbs. |
| 30-gallon drum; shipping weight | 294 lbs. |

READ LABEL BEFORE USE

The literature contained herein is not intended to be used as a substitute for the information contained on the label of the product container. Specimen labels and other literature are subject to revision. Before using this product, read and follow all label instructions on the container/package.

pbigordon.com/surge

weedalert.com



An Employee-Owned Company

1217 W. 12TH STREET • P.O. BOX 014090
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64101-0090
816.421.4070 • FAX 816.474.0462
800.821.7925

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Not all products listed are available for purchase or authorized for use in every state. In addition, some states, counties and cities may require special licensing and training to sell, purchase or apply some of the products presented in this product literature. It is the responsibility of the distributor, retailer or professional applicator to verify, before product sale/purchase, that the product is approved for the use intended in their state, county and city.



SURGE®

BROADLEAF HERBICIDE FOR TURF



For use on: Bluegrass, Fescues, Perennial Ryegrass, Bentgrass, Bermudagrass, Zoysiagrass, Centipedegrass, Bahiagrass and Buffalograss

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170.

Not for sale, distribution, or use in Nassau or Suffolk Counties in New York State.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

| | |
|--|--------|
| Sulfentrazone | 0.67% |
| 2,4-D, dimethylamine salt | 18.79% |
| Mecoprop-p, dimethylamine salt | 6.80% |
| Dicamba, dimethylamine salt | 3.02% |

INERT INGREDIENTS: 70.72%

TOTAL 100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- 0.06 lb. N-[2,4-dichloro-5-[4-(difluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]phenyl]methanesulfonamide per gallon or 0.67%.
 - 1.40 lbs. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 15.66%.
 - 0.50 lb. (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 5.62%.
 - 0.22 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 2.52%.
- Isomer Specific by AOAC Method.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER – PELIGRO

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find some one to explain it to you in detail.)



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Harmful if absorbed through skin or if swallowed.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are natural rubber, natural rubber blends and laminates. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:

- protective eyewear,
- long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- shoes and socks, plus
- chemical-resistant gloves, and
- chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

User Safety Requirements

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| If in eyes: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If on skin or on clothing: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If swallowed: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5566 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170.

This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

(cont. on next page)

Agricultural Use Requirements (cont.)

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- coveralls worn over short-sleeve shirt and short pants,
- chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure, and
- protective eyewear.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Reentry Statement: Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Product Description

SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf contains four active ingredients including sulfentrazone that broaden the spectrum of weed control. These combined herbicides provide limited residual activity at recommended use rates. Sulfentrazone is in the aryl triazolinone family and inhibits protoporphyrinogen oxidase (Protox), a pivotal enzyme in chlorophyll production. Without this key enzyme, a build-up of peroxide-like compounds occur, thus causing the plant cell membranes of weeds to rupture.

SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf offers these advantages:

- Excellent postemergent activity with proven performance for broadleaf weed control in turfgrass.
- This product exhibits improved cool-weather performance compared to standard "3-way amines".
- High selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool-season turfgrass and warm-season turfgrass.
- Sulfentrazone combinations provide rapid and effective weed control for common and troublesome (tough) weed species in turfgrass, including: dandelion, spurge, white clover and dollarweed (pennywort).
- The speed of action (rate of weed phytotoxicity) and the early weed symptoms are features of sulfentrazone combinations compared to standard "3-way amines". Often, the weed injury symptoms can be noticed within hours of the application and plant death can occur within 10 to 14 days.
- This product is generally rainfast in as little as 6 hours.

Spray Preparation And Tank Mixtures

Mixing With Water:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. Mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

When this product is left standing for extended periods of time, re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Mixing With Liquid Fertilizers:

ALWAYS PREMIX SURGE® BROADLEAF HERBICIDE FOR TURF WITH WATER BEFORE ADDING TO FLUID FERTILIZERS. For liquid nitrogen solutions such as U.A.N. or urea solutions, use a premix of 1 part of this product with 4 parts of water or use a premix with a 1:4 ratio of product to water. For other fluid fertilizers such as suspensions, use a premix of 1 part of this product with 50 to 60 parts of water.

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers. Always perform a jar test for compatibility before large scale mixing.

The jar test can be conducted by mixing all components in a small container in proportionate quantities. If the mixture separates after standing and can be mixed readily by shaking, then the mixture can be used and applied with spray equipment providing continuous agitation. If large flakes, sludge, gels or other precipitates form, or if a separate oily layer or oil globules appear, then the herbicide and the liquid fertilizer should not be prepared as a tank mixture.

Mixing With Adjuvants And Spray Additives:

Adjuvants (such as surfactants, spreaders, spreader-stickers, spray thickeners, foaming agents, activators, detergents, and drift reducing agents) combined with this product can damage the leaf tissue of turfgrass. If any discoloration or cosmetic effects are objectionable or would be unacceptable, then adjuvant(s) combined with SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf would not be recommended. Do not use adjuvants and spray additive tank-mix combinations, unless your experience indicates that the tank mixture will not result in turf injury.

Ground Equipment

Spray distribution: The accuracy and uniformity of the herbicide distribution is the sole responsibility of the applicator. Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications. For best spray distribution and coverage,

select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage.

Spray volumes of 10 to 220 gallons per acre with spray pressures adjusted to between 20 to 40 psi. Use higher spray volumes for dense weed populations (up to 220 gallons per acre or 5 gallons per 1,000 square feet).

- Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Over-application or rates above those specified on this label can cause turf injury.
- Hand-held technique: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Spray wands fitted with flat fan tips should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motion results in uneven coverage.

Hand operated sprayers including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, and knapsack sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas when power equipment is unavailable, uneconomical, or impractical.

This product may cause injury to susceptible/non-target plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, legumes, tobacco, tomatoes, garden/vegetable crops, and ornamentals (flowers, trees, and shrubs) avoid contact with the spray solution, spray droplets, and spray mist (fine droplets).

After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides.

Where To Use

This product provides selective broadleaf control in warm-season and cool-season turfgrass in five (5) use sites.

- **Institutional sites** are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways, aprons, and roughs), and office buildings.
- **Ornamental sites** include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, areas adjacent to athletic fields and paved areas.
- **Residential/domestic sites** are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- **Agricultural site:** Commercial sod production
- **Non-cropland Sites:** Highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads). Roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers, medians, parking areas, and paved areas. Municipal, state, and federal lands. Airports, airfields and military installations. Fuel storage areas. Fencerows. Industrial sites (including but not limited to lumber yards, tank farms, storage areas, vacant lots and production facilities). Utility and pipeline rights-of-way.

Prohibitions of Sites:

- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (non-cropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.

Turfgrass tolerance:

- The turfgrass tolerance to this product may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur on certain varieties of hybrid bermudagrass. Adverse environmental conditions may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass. Do not apply this product to stressed turf.
- Certain spray tank additives (adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank mixtures containing emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass. Do not use adjuvants and spray additive tank-mix combinations, unless your experience indicates that the tank mixture will not result in turf injury.

Prohibitions:

- Do not apply this product to bentgrass greens or tees, St. Augustinegrass, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not broadcast apply this product when temperatures are above 90°F, some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 90°F.
- To avoid turf injury, use only on turfgrass that is reasonably free of stress from diseases, insects, excess heat or cold, drought or excess rainfall/irrigation, shaded areas, low soil pH, nematodes, improper mowing or improper applications of fertilizer and pesticides. Injury can occur if this product is applied under any of these or other stress conditions. Under any of these stress conditions, any turf damage caused by the use of this product is beyond the control of PBI/Gordon Corporation and all risk is assumed by the buyer and/or user.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.
- Aerial application is prohibited.

State restrictions:

- **New York:** Only one application per year of this product is allowed. This product is not allowed to be sold, distributed or used in Nassau or Suffolk Counties.
- **California:** Make broadcast applications only between March 1 and September 1. If troublesome weeds appear during other times of the year, a spot application can be made. While irrigation is necessary and important for plant growth, apply irrigation water efficiently so that no more than 125% of the net irrigation requirement is applied for any irrigation event. Apply efficient irrigations for six months following application of sulfentrazone containing products. Do not apply product to bare ground.
- **Arizona:** Do not use this product on sod farms in Arizona.

Spray Drift Management

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of ground application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Droplet Size

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles according to ASAE (S 572) definition of standard nozzles or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Application Schedules

Apply this product to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective. Fall applications provide improved control for emerged winter annuals and perennials such as henbit, chickweed, clover and ground ivy.

Sequential broadcast applications or follow-up applications as spot treatments at a 30-day interval are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.

Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment, or any time broadleaf weeds are actively growing.

Extremes in environmental conditions e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of this product. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to this product.

For newly seeded areas:

Delay application of this product to grass seedlings until after the second mowing.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

The application of this product to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

Reseeding interval:

Treated areas may be reseeded 3 weeks after application.

Irrigation:

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Rainfall in as little as 6 hours. Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation. If possible, do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 6 to 24 hours after application. If dry conditions exist, a scheduled irrigation or watering 24 hours before and 24 hours after application is recommended.

Mowing:

Delay mowing 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product.

How Much To Use

Use Rates and Spray Volumes: Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range of Table 1 will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds hardened off or more mature.

BROADCAST TREATMENT:

| Table 1. Use rates for sod farms, ornamental lawns and turfgrass. | | |
|--|--|--|
| Species | Rate | Recommended Spray Volume |
| Cool-season Turf | | |
| Kentucky bluegrass, annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, red or fine leaf fescues, creeping bentgrass and colonial bentgrass (excluding golf greens and tees). Mixtures of cool-season species in non-cropland areas established for roadside vegetation management or for low maintenance. (Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, smooth brome grass & orchardgrass) | 3.25 to 4 Pints/Acre (1.2 to 1.5 fl. oz./ 1,000 sq. ft.) | 10 to 220 Gallons/Acre (0.23 to 5.0 Gallons/ 1,000 sq. ft.) |
| Warm-season Turf | | |
| Hybrid Bermudagrass, common Bermudagrass, centipedegrass*, zoysiagrass, bahiagrass and buffalograss. | 2.75 to 3.25 Pints/Acre (1.0 to 1.2 fl. oz./ 1,000 sq. ft.) | 10 to 220 Gallons/Acre (0.23 to 5.0 Gallons/ 1,000 sq. ft.) |
| *For centipedegrass use lower rates within specified range until turfgrass tolerance to injury can be determined. | | |
| Do not apply this product to warm-season turfgrass during spring green-up or in the fall during the transition period between active growth and dormancy. | | |
| Dormant turf: This product may be applied to fully dormant bermudagrass, fully dormant centipedegrass, fully dormant zoysiagrass, and fully dormant bahiagrass. | | |
| New York: Only one application per year of this product is allowed. This product is not allowed to be sold, distributed or used in Nassau or Suffolk Counties. | | |

SPOT TREATMENT:**WITH HAND OPERATED SPRAYERS (INCLUDING BACKPACK SPRAYERS, COMPRESSION SPRAYERS, AND KNAPSACK SPRAYERS):**

- Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are actively growing.
- Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Uniform applications are essential when using this product. Over application or rates above those specified on this label including excessive overlaps of this product can cause turf injury.
- Hand-held techniques: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Spray wands fitted with flat fan tips should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motions result in uneven coverage.
- Follow-up applications as spot treatments at a 30-day interval are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.
- **For cool-season turfgrass listed in Table 1:** Mix 1.2 to 1.5 fl. oz. of this product per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- **For warm-season turfgrass listed in Table 1:** Mix 1.0 to 1.2 fl. oz. of this product per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible. For centipedegrass use lower rates within specified range until turfgrass tolerance to injury can be determined.

Limitations on spot treatments for ornamental turfgrass:

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq. ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 1.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. per application (0.25 lb. MCPP-p acid equivalent per acre). The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

TOUGH WEED CONTROL:**IN INDUSTRIAL OR LOW MAINTENANCE AREAS:**

In addition to weeds listed in Table 4, SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf can be used for certain tough-to-control weeds. Mixed stands of Kentucky bluegrass,

tall fescue, smooth brome grass, orchardgrass and reed canarygrass may be treated. Applications to non-cropland areas (roadsides and rights-of-way) are not applicable to treatment of commercial timber or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

Treatments of SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf may injure or kill legumes including clovers (sweet, yellow, red, crimson, alsike, hop, white), lespedezas, trefoils and vetches.

Biennial and perennial weeds may require follow-up or sequential treatments.

| Weed Types | Troublesome weeds such as: | Amount of product, pints/acre ¹ | Recommended Spray Volume | When to Apply |
|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Annual Broadleaf | ivyleaf morningglory, redroot pigweed, cocklebur, sunflower, velvetleaf (butterprint) | 2.5 to 4.0 pints/acre | 10 to 220 gal./Acre (0.23 to 5.0 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft.) | Spring or fall during active growth. |
| Biennial | thistle, musk thistle, common burdock | 4.0 to 5.0 pints/acre | 10 to 220 gal./Acre (0.23 to 5.0 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft.) | Spring or fall during seedling to rosette stage. |
| Perennial | Burclover, Canada thistle, field bindweeds, English daisy, hoary cress (whiteweed), Veronica (corn speedwell), wild violet | 4.0 to 5.0 pints/acre | 10 to 220 gal./Acre (0.23 to 5.0 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft.) | Spring or fall during bud to bloom stage. |

Footnote 1: Use the lower rate within the range specified for highly favorable plant growing conditions and when broadleaf weeds are less than 6 inches in height. Use the higher rate within the range specified for tall vegetation, dense canopies, weeds beyond the suggested growth stage, or during adverse conditions.

New York: Only one application per year of this product is allowed. This product is not allowed to be sold, distributed or used in Nassau or Suffolk Counties.

LIMITATIONS:

| Use Site | Maximum Rate per Application | Maximum Number of Applications per Year | Minimum Interval Between Applications | Maximum Seasonal Rate |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Ornamental turfgrass | 4.0 pints/A (0.70 lb. 2,4-D ae/A) (0.25 lb. MCP-p ae/A) (0.11 lb. dicamba ae/A) (0.03 lb. sulfentrazone/A) | 2 | 30 Days | 8.0 pints/A (1.40 lb. 2,4-D ae/A) (0.50 lb. MCP-p ae/A) (0.22 lb. dicamba ae/A) (0.06 lb. sulfentrazone/A) |
| Sod farms | 4.0 pints/A (0.70 lb. 2,4-D ae/A) (0.25 lb. MCP-p ae/A) (0.11 lb. dicamba ae/A) (0.03 lb. sulfentrazone/A) | 2 | 21 Days | 8.0 pints/A (1.40 lb. 2,4-D ae/A) (0.50 lb. MCP-p ae/A) (0.22 lb. dicamba ae/A) (0.06 lb. sulfentrazone/A) |
| Non-cropland: roadsides and rights-of-way | 5.0 pints/A (0.88 lb. 2,4-D ae/A) (0.31 lb. MCP-p ae/A) (0.14 lb. dicamba ae/A) (0.038 lb. sulfentrazone/A) | 2 | 30 Days | 10.0 pints/A (1.75 lb. 2,4-D ae/A) (0.62 lb. MCP-p ae/A) (0.28 lb. dicamba ae/A) (0.074 lb. sulfentrazone/A) |

ae = Acid Equivalent. For ornamental turfgrass only, do not exceed the maximum seasonal rate of 8.0 pints (1.40 lb. 2,4-D ae, 0.50 lb. MCP-p ae, 0.22 lb. dicamba ae, and 0.06 lb. sulfentrazone) per acre per season, excluding spot treatments. For non-cropland: Do not exceed the maximum seasonal rate of 10 pints (1.75 lb. 2,4-D ae/A), 0.62 lb. MCP-p ae/A, 0.28 lb. dicamba ae/A, and 0.074 lb. sulfentrazone) per acre per season.

Spray volumes with ground equipment:

- For SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf alone, a spray volume of 10.0 gallons per acre (gpa) is recommended.
- For tank mixtures of SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf, spray volume of 20.0 gallons per acre is recommended or use the specified spray volume of the companion product(s).

Broadleaf Weeds Controlled

SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide For Turf will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

| | |
|---|--|
| Aster, white heath & white prairie Bedstraw Beggarweed, creeping Bindweed Black medic Broadleaf plantain Buckhorn plantain Bull thistle Burdock, common Buttercup, creeping Carpetweed Chickweed, common Chicory Cinquefoil Clover Curly dock Dandelion Dayflower Deadnettle Dock Dogfennel Dollarweed (*pennywort) False dandelion (*spotted catsear & common catsear) Field bindweed (*morningglory & creeping jenny) Field oxeye-daisy (*creeping oxeye) Filaree, whitestem & redstem Florida betony Florida pusley Ground ivy Groundsel Hawkweed Healall Henbit Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary) Knotweed Lambsquarters Lawn burweed Lespedeza, common | Mallow, common Matchweed Mouseear chickweed Nutsedge** (yellow) Old world diamond flower Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel & creeping woodsorrel) Parsley-piert Pennsylvania smartweed Pepperweed Pigweed Pineappleweed Plantain Poison ivy Poison oak Prickly lettuce (*compass plant) Puncturevine Purple cudweed Purslane Ragweed Redweed Red sorrel (*sheep sorrel) Shepherdspurse Spurge Thistle Virginia buttonweed White clover (*Dutch clover, honeysuckle clover, white trefoil, & purplewort) Wild carrot Wild garlic Wild geranium Wild lettuce Wild mustard Wild onion Wild strawberry Yarrow Yellow rocket and many more broadleaf weeds |
|---|--|

*Synonyms
**Suppression only when nutsedge is young and actively growing.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

For nonrefillable containers equal to or less than 5 gallons:

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

(cont. on next page)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (cont.)

For nonrefillable containers with capacities greater than 5 gallons:

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For refillable containers:

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Container cleaning: Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

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EPA REG. NO. 2217-867



MANUFACTURED BY
PBI/GORDON CORPORATION
1217 WEST 12TH STREET
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64101
www.pbigordon.com

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

IMPORTANT: Read this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER before buying or using this product. By opening and using this product, buyer and all users agree to accept the terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER in their entirety and without exception. If the terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Damage to the treated article, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences can result from use of the product under abnormal conditions such as weather, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, etc. Such factors and conditions are beyond the control of the manufacturer, and **BY PURCHASING AND USING THIS PRODUCT THE BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT AGREE TO ACCEPT ALL SUCH RISKS.** Buyer and all users further agree to assume all risks of loss or damage from the use of the product in any manner that is not explicitly set forth in or that is inconsistent with label instructions, warnings and cautions.

The manufacturer warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described below. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.**

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF THE MANUFACTURER, FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. The Manufacturer must be promptly notified in writing of any claims, whether based in contract, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, to be eligible to receive either remedy stated above.

The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere. No employee or agent of the manufacturer or seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

Material Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: SURGE® Broadleaf Herbicide for Turf

MSDS No.: 655-6

Version No.: 002

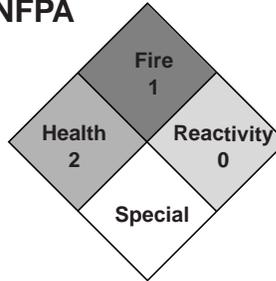
EPA Registration No.: 2217-867

1. Basic Information:

Manufacturer: PBI/Gordon Corporation
Address: 1217 West 12th Street
City, State, Zip: Kansas City, MO 64101-1407
Information Contact: Environmental, Health & Safety Dept.
Information Telephone Number: (816) 421-4070
Emergency Contact: Chemtec
Emergency Telephone Number: (800) 424-9300
Last Update: 3/29/2010

Chemical State: Liquid Gas Solid
Chemical Type: Pure Mixture

NFPA



| | |
|---|------------------|
| 2 | Health |
| 1 | Flammability |
| 0 | Reactivity |
| B | Pers. Protection |

2. Ingredients:

Trade Secret (ND = Not Disclosed)

| CAS No. | Chemical Name | % Range | EHS | NTP | IARC | SUB Z | SARA 313 | OSHA PEL | ACGIH TLV | Other Limits |
|-----------|---|---------|-----|-----|------|-------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 2008391 | Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) | 18.79% | N | N | Y | N | N | NI | NI | NI |
| 2300665 | Dimethylamine Salt of 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid (Dicamba) | 3.02% | N | N | N | N | Y | NI | NI | NI |
| 66423094 | Dimethylamine Salt of R(+)-2-(2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid (MCPA) | 6.80% | N | N | Y | N | N | NI | NI | NI |
| 122836355 | Sulfentrazone | 0.67% | N | N | N | N | N | NI | NI | NI |

3. Hazardous Identification:

Hazard Category: Acute Chronic Fire Pressure Reactive

Hazardous Identification Information:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) lists chlorophenoxy herbicides in its Group 2B (limited evidence for carcinogenicity in humans.) The US EPA has given the chlorophenoxy herbicides 2,4-D, 2,4-DP, MCPA, and MCPA a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity.) More current 2,4-D lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice did not show carcinogenic effects and a recent World Health Organization (WHO) review of 2,4-D toxicology has concluded that 2,4-D is not a carcinogen.

4. First Aid Measures:

Route(s) of Entry: Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

EYES: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage.

SKIN: Moderately irritating to the skin; may be absorbed through the skin.

INHALATION: Moderately irritating to the mucous membranes. Inhalation of sprays may cause burning sensations in the respiratory tract, resulting in coughing.

INGESTION: May irritate the gastrointestinal tract.

Signs and Symptoms:

Inhalation may cause burning in the chest, with coughing. Prolonged inhalation sometimes causes dizziness. Ingestion usually leads to vomiting. Pain in the chest and abdomen, and diarrhea may follow.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

Individuals with chronic skin disease or known sensitivity to chlorophenoxy compounds should either avoid using them or take strict precautions to avoid contact. (respirator, gloves, etc.)

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

If in eyes:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5566 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage..

Other Health Warnings: NI

5. Fire Fighting Measures:

Flash Point: 135° F

F.P. Method: PM Closed Cup

Lower Explosive Limit: NI

Upper Explosive Limit: NI

Fire Extinguishing Media:

Foam, CO₂, dry chemical, water. The low flash point of this product is due to a minor component in the mixture. Based on independent laboratory testing of similar products, this product would not sustain combustion as specified in DOT Regulation 49 CFR 173 Appendix H, and, therefore, would not be classified as a combustible liquid.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Wear positive-pressure breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

Unusual Fire and Explosion:

This product does not ignite readily, but may burn at a very high temperature. The fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases. Runoff from fire control area or dilution water may cause pollution. If surface water is contaminated, contact local authorities.

6. Accidental Release Measures:

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:

Do not touch spilled material. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment. Contain and absorb spilled material on Dri-Rite, sand or other inert absorbent. Collect into drums; cover and label for disposal. Flush area with water if possible.

7. Handling and Storage:

Precautions to be Taken:

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

Other Precautions:

Engineering Control Statements:

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection:

Ventilation Requirements:

Good local ventilation is recommended; mechanical ventilation may be required if exposure limits may be exceeded.

Personal Protective Equipment:

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid breathing spray mist.

8. Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection: (cont.)

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are natural rubber, natural rubber blends and laminates. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:

- protective eyewear,
- long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- shoes and socks, plus
- chemical-resistant gloves and
- chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

User Safety Requirements:

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations:

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If exposure limits may be exceeded, wear a respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P or HE filter.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties:

Boiling Point: 212° F

Melting Point: NI

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): <1

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.): <17 @68°F

Vapor Density (AIR = 1): >1

Specific Gravity (H2O = 1): 1.09700

Solubility In Water: Infinite

Appearance and Odor: Brown liquid; amine odor.

Other Information: pH = 7.5 - 9.0
Density = 9.13 pound/gallon.
Freezing point <35°F

10. Stability and Reactivity:

Stability:

Stable.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Do not mix with acidic materials, as this will ruin the product.

Decomposition/By-Products:

May produce gases such as HCl, nitrogen oxides, and carbon monoxide when burning.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information:

ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY LD50: <2,000

PRIMARY EYE IRRITATION: Under the conditions of this study, the test substance is classified as severely irritating to the eyes.

12. Ecological Information:

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This pesticide may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

13. Disposal Considerations:

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

13. Disposal Considerations: (cont.)

[For Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:]
CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

[For Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable with capacities greater than 5 gallons:]
CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

[For Refillable Containers:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Container cleaning: Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

14. Transport Information:

The following guidelines apply for domestic ground transport. If shipping by air or ocean, please contact our Transportation Department.

Freight Class: PESTICIDES, NOI - NMFC #155050-6

Proper Shipping Name:

For package sizes less than 70 gallons: product is non-regulated.

For package sizes 70 gallons or greater: Environmentally Hazardous Substances, Liquid, N.O.S., 9, UN3082, PGIII, RQ (2,4-D)

If shipped in bulk containers (greater than 119 gallons), this product is a Marine Pollutant.

When shipped as a Hazardous Material, label required is Class 9 (Miscellaneous). Placards required on bulk shipments only.

15. Regulatory Information:

OSHA STATUS: This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA STATUS: This product is exempt from TSCA Regulation under FIFRA Section 3(2)(B)(ii) when used as a pesticide.

CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 532 pounds of the formulation which contains 100 pounds of Dimethylamine 2,4-D

SARA TITLE III:

SECTION 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: None

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Immediate Health Hazard, Delayed Health Hazard

SECTION 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS: Dimethylamine dicamba CAS#2300-66-5

RCRA STATUS: When discarded in its purchased form, this product is a listed RCRA hazardous waste and should be managed as a hazardous waste. (40 CFR 261.20-24)

16. Other Information:

REASON FOR ISSUE: New MSDS in the ANSI Z440.1-1998 format.

NOTE: NI means not indicated.

The information and statements in this Material Safety Data Sheet are believed to accurately reflect the scientific evidence used in making the hazard determination, but is not to be construed as a warranty or representation for which we assume legal responsibility. Additional information may be necessary or desirable depending on particular, exceptional or variable conditions or circumstances of use or storage or because of locally applicable laws or government regulations. Therefore, you should use this information only as a supplement to other information available to you and must make independent determinations of the suitability of the information for your particular circumstances or conditions and of the completeness of the information available from all sources to assure both the proper use of the material described herein and the safety and health of employees.

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