



# **SELECTIVE HERBICIDE**

# Strike Out Tough Weeds with Change Up<sup>™</sup>.

Change Up<sup>™</sup> premium selective herbicide combines MCPA, fluroxypyr and dicamba to deliver powerful weed control results. Change Up controls more than 200 broadleaf weeds and it starts working quickly to strike out weeds and help reduce callbacks. Plus, Change Up is ideal for any accounts that may be sensitive to the use of 2,4-D on the property.

# MAXIMUM POWER. CONVENIENT FORMULA.

- Offers the power of three proven herbicides in one convenient pre-mixed formulation
- · Contains MCPA ideal for accounts requesting a 2,4-D alternative
- Reduced callbacks following a quick visual response and excellent weed control
- · Contains the pyridine herbicide fluroxypyr for unparalleled clover control
- Broad spectrum excellent control of more than 200 broadleaf weeds including dandelion, plantain, oxalis, chickweed, thistles and other hard-tocontrol species
- Labeled for application to bahia, bent (excluding golf course greens & tees), Bermuda, bluegrass, carpetgrass, centipedegrass, fescue, rye, St. Augustine (excluding Floratam) and zoysia turfs
- Convenient to use tank mix compatible with a number of liquid fertilizers and iron formulations

EPA REG. NO.	228-445
ACTIVE INGR.	MCPA <i>(51.05%)</i> , fluroxypyr <i>(6.0%),</i> dicamba <i>(4.17%)</i>
FORMULATION	liquid
CHEM. FAMILY	phenoxycarboxylic acid, pyridines and benzoic acids
HRAC NO.	4
MODE OF ACT.	auxin growth regulators
SIGNAL WORD	warning
SIGNAL WORD RESTRICTED	warning no
	no







# **KEY USES**

Ornamental turf lawns *(residential, institutional and industrial)* Golf course turf *(excluding greens & tees)* Parks, cemeteries and athletic fields Roadsides *(including aprons and guardrails)*, rights-of-way, and other

similar non-crop areas Sod farms

#### **KEY WEEDS CONTROLLED**

(See product label for complete list) Alder Annual yellow sweet clover Bitter wintercress Bracted plantain Broadleaf plantain Chickweed Chicory Dandelion Dock False flax Florida betony Ground ivy Gumweed Hairy bittercress Hairy fleabane Indiana mallow Ironweed Jewelweed Jimsonweed Kochia Knawel Knotweed Lambsguarters Mallow Morningglory Nettle Oxeye daisy Parsley-piert Plantain Prostrate spurge Prostrate vervain Ragweed Red clover Sweet clover Thistle Tumbleweed Velvet leaf Western salsify White clover

### APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

#### ORNAMENTAL LAWNS, GOLF COURSE AND ATHLETIC FIELD TURF

Apply 2 to 3 pints of Change Up in 20 to 240 gallons of water per acre (0.73 to 1.1 fluid ounces in 0.5 to 5.5 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet) to control weeds growing in turf planted to bahia, bentgrass (excluding golf course greens and tees), Bermudagrass, bluegrass, carpetgrass, centipedegrass, fescue, ryegrass, St. Augustine (excluding Floratam) and zoysia turfs.

For residential and golf course uses, do not apply more than 3 pints product per acre per year. Do not apply more than two applications per year with a minimum retreatment interval of 21 days.

Maximum control of weeds will occur from spring or early fall applications when weeds are actively growing. The degree of weed control and duration of effect will vary with weed size and density, spray rate and coverage, and growing conditions before, during and after the time of treatment. Use the higher rate for hard to control weeds.

For optimum results: (1) avoid applying during excessively hot or dry periods unless irrigation is used, (2) turf should not be mowed 1-2 days before and following application, (3) reseed no sooner than 3-4 weeks after application of this product.

Adding oil, wetting agent or other surfactant to the spray may be used to increase effectiveness on weeds but doing so may reduce selectivity to turf resulting in turf damage.

Do not exceed specified dosages for any area. Be particularly careful within the drip line of trees or other ornamental species. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established. Avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 90°F. When using in small, spot treatment applications in temperatures over 90°F, turf injury may occur.

When treating carpetgrass and St. Augustinegrass, avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 80°F. When air temperature exceeds 80°F limit these applications to spot treatment only.

Do not use on golf course greens or tees.

Do not use on Floratam St. Augustine grass.

Note: For all grasses (1) avoid double coverage resulting from overlap unless temporary turf injury can be tolerated and (2) use reduced rates if grass is stressed from heat, drought, etc.

Lower volume applications: Use as little as 5 gallons of water per acre. Use only application equipment that is capable of spreading a uniform droplet, wetting each weed surface.

#### SOD FARMS

For bluegrass, ryegrass and fescue, apply 2 to 3 pints per acre. For creeping bentgrass use 1.25 pints per acre. For common and hybrid bermudagrass, bahia, zoysia and St. Augustinegrass (except Floratam) apply 1.5 to 1.8 pints per acre. Spray volume for sod farm application is 5 to 175 gallons per acre.

For sod farm and grass grown for seed use, do not apply more than 3 pints product per acre per year. Do not apply more than 2 applications per year with a minimum retreatment interval of 21 days.

See label for complete application rates and recommendations.



More where it matters most. www.nufarm.com/us

Scan this code with your smartphone to visit CDMS and view the complete product label.