

FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ORNAMENTAL TURF INCLUDING SOD FARMS CONTAINS MCPA, FLUROXYPYR, AND TRICLOPYR

CONTROLS: Dandelion, Chickweed, Black medic, Knotweed, Plantain, Oxalis, Clover, Cocklebur, Thistle and many other species of broadleaf weeds; some of which are listed on this label.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Dimethylamine Salt of 2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxyacetic Acid*	37.84%
1-Methylheptyl Ester of Fluroxypyr:((4-amino-3-5-dichloro-6-fluoro-	
2-pyridinyl)oxy)acetic Acid, 1-methylheptyl ester**	4.45%
Triethylamine Salt of 3,5,6-Trichloro-2-Pyridinyloxyacetic Acid***	4.07%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	53.64%
TOTAL	100.00%

By Isomer Specific AOAC Method, Equivalent to:

***3,5,6-Trichloro-2-Pyridinyloxyacetic Acid 2.92%, 0.27 lbs./gal.

> Intended For Use By Professional Turf Maintenance Personnel. Landscaping or Commercial Applicators Only.

DO NOT SELL, DISTRIBUTE OR USE THE PRODUCT IN NASSAU AND SUFFOLK COUNTY IN NEW YORK.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **DANGER - PELIGRO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Medical Emergencies, call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

EPA REG. NO.228-453-5905 EPA EST. NO. 228-IL-1

Manufacured For: HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY 225 Schilling Boulevard, Suite 300 Collierville, TN 38017

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS **DANGER - PELIGRO**

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed, or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

NON-WPS TURF USE: Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170)-in general only agricultural plant uses are covered by the WPS-must wear eye protection (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses) when using this product. It is recommended that safety glasses include front, brow, and temple protection.

WPS SOD FARM USES: Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170)-in general, agricultural plant uses are covered-must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement: If the mechanical system is used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users Should:

- · Wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before eating, smoking, drinking, or using the toilet.
- · Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- · Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- · Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

	FIRST AID		
IF IN EYES	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
IF SWALLOWED	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 		
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate use of gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms and non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as MCPA have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product should be used strictly in accordance with the drift and runoff precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposure.

Under some conditions, this product may have a potential to runoff to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limited till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide runoff. Where feasible, use application techniques such as T-banding, and in-furrow techniques which incorporate the pesticide into the soil. Use of vegetaion filter strips is recommended along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, etc. or on the downhill side of fields where runoff could occur to minimize water runoff.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and for high temperatures.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried.

This product is a broad-spectrum herbicide for control of actively growing annual and perennial broadleaf weeds. It is for use on established Ornamental Turf Lawns (Residential, Industrial and Institutional), Parks, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Roadsides and Golf Courses (Fairways, Aprons, Roughs) and similar turf areas; also for use on sod farms. Do not use on Golf Greens or Tees.

This product may be applied to the following established turfgrass species:

ESTABLISHED COOL SEASON TURFGRASSES		ESTABLISHED WARM SEASON TURFGRASSES†	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Bentgrass	Agrostis species	Bahiagrass	Paspalum notatum
Bluegrass, Kentucky	Poa pratensis	Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon
Fescue, chewing	Festuca rubravar, commutata	Buffalograss Centipedegrass	Buchloe dactyloides Eremochloa
Fescue, creeping red	Festuca rubra	1	ophiuroides
Fescue, sheeps	Festuca ovina	Zoysiagrass	Zoysia japonica
Fescue, tall	Festuca arundinaceae	Zoysiagrass	Zoysia tenuifolia
Ryegrass, perennial	Lolium perenne	Fescue, tall (growing in warm season areas)	Festuca arundinacea

†Do not treat warm season turfgrass with this product when mowing height is less than 1/2 inch.

Note: This product may discolor and/or stunt turf that is not well-established or is stressed or weakened due to unfavorable climatic conditions, temperature extremes, drought, nematodes, or other factors which damage or weaken turf. Apply this product only to healthy, well-established turf that has a well-anchored root system. Do not apply this product to grass species not listed on this label unless potential turf injury can be tolerated.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Do not apply this product directly to, or otherwise permit drift or spray mist to come into contact with cotton, citrus, grapes, tobacco, vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees, and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near desirable plants. Avoid fine mists. Use lawn type sprayer with coarse spray as wind drift is less likely. Spray drift can be reduced by spraying when wind velocity is low, keeping spray boom as low as possible, using nozzles that deliver larger spray droplets and minimize the production of fine spray particles, and by using higher spray volumes and lower pressures. Applications should be made only when hazards from spray drift are at a minimum. Very small quantities of spray, which may not be visible, may seriously injure susceptible plants. Do not spray when wind is blowing toward susceptible crops or ornamental plants near enough to be injured. Do not apply to exposed roots of shallow rooted trees and shrubs. Maximum kill of weeds will be obtained from spring or early fall applications when weeds are actively growing. Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre per application. Mow newly seeded turf at least twice before treatment with this product.

Alder

For optimum results: (1) Add a spray adjuvant, such as DYNE-AMIC for best results; (2) Use a water conditioning agent, such as, QUEST for high PH and water hardness; (3) Avoid applying during excessively dry or hot periods unless irrigation is used; (4) Turf should not be mowed 1 to 2 days before and following application; (5) Reseed no sooner than 3 to 4 weeks after application of this product.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Gumweed

This product is designed to control many broadleaf weeds such as: Chickweed

Aluei	Chickweed	Gunweed	Oxalis
Annual yellow sweet	Chicory	Hairy bittercress	Oxeye daisy
clover	Cinquefoil	Hairy fleabane	Parsley-piert
Artichoke	Clover	Hawkweed	Parsnip
Aster	Cockle	Healall	Pearlwort
Austrian fieldcress	Cocklebur	Heartleaf drymary	Pennycress
Bedstraw	Coffeebean	Hedge bindweed	Pennywort
Beggartick	Coffeeweed	Hedge mustard	Peppergrass
Biden	Common chickweed	Hemp	Pepperweed
Bindweed	Common mullein	Henbit	Pigweed
Bird vetch	Common sowthistle	Hoary cress	Pineywoods bedstraw
Bitterweed	Corn Chamomile	Hoary plantain	Plains coreopsis
Bitter wintercress	Creeping jenny	Hoary vervain	Plantain
Black-eyed Susan	Crimson clover	Honeysuckle	Poison hemlock
Black medic	Croton	Hop clover	Poison ivy
Black mustard	Cudweed	Horsenettle	Poison oak
Black-seed plantain	Curly dock	Horsetail	Pokeweed
Blessed thistle	Curly indigo	Indiana mallow	Poorjoe
Blue lettuce	Dandelion	Ironweed	Povertyweed
Blue vervain	Dead nettle	Jewelweed	Prickly lettuce
Box elder	Dock	Jimsonweed	Prickly sida
Bracted plantain	Dogbane	Kochia	Primrose
Brassbuttons	Dogfennel	Knawel	Prostrate knotweed
Bristly oxtongue	Elderberry	Knotweed	Prostrate pigweed
Broadleaf dock	English daisy	Lambsquarter	Prostrate spurge
Broadleaf plantain	Fall dandelion	Lespedeza	Prostrate vervain
Broomweed	False dandelion	Locoweed	Puncture vine
Buckhorn	False flax	Lupine	Purslane
Buckhorn plantain	False sunflower	Mallow	Ragweed
Bulbous buttercup	Fiddleneck	Marshelder	Red clover
Bull nettle	Field bindweed	Matchweed	Redroot pigweed
Bull thistle	Field pansy	Mexicanweed	Red sorrel
Burdock	Flea bane (daisy)	Milk vetch	Redstem filaree
Burning nettle	Flixweed	Milkweed bloodflower	Rough cinquefoil
Bur ragweed	Florida betony	Mugwort	Rough fleabane
Burweed	Florida pusley	Morningglory	Roundleafed marigold
Buttercup	Frenchweed	Mousear chickweed	Rush
Canada thistle	Galinsoga	Musk thistle	Russian pigweed
Carolina geranium	Garlic mustard	Mustard	Russian thistle
Carpetweed	Goathead	Narrowleaf plantain	St. Johnswort
Catchweed bedstraw	Goatsbeard	Narrowleaf vetch	Scarlet pimpernel
Catsear	Goldenrod	Nettle	Scotch thistle
Catnip	Ground ivy	Orange hawkweed	Sheep sorrel
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Oxalis

Stinging nettle

Shepherdspurse Stinkweed Venice mallow Wild marigold Slender plantain Stitchwort Veronica Wild onion Smallflower galinsoga Strawberry clover Vervain Wild parsnip Smartweed Sumac Vetch Wild radish Smooth dock Sunflower Virginia buttonweed Wild rape Smooth pigweed Sweet clover Virginia creeper Wild strawberry Sneezeweed Tall nettle Virginia pepperweed Wild sweet potato Southern wild rose Tall vervain Wavyleaf bullthistle Wild vetch Sowthistle Tansy mustard Western clematis Willow Spanishneedle Western salsify Witchweed Tansy ragwort Spatterdock Tanweed White clover Wooly morningglory Speedwell Tarweed White mustard Woodsorrel Spiny Amaranth Thistle Wild mustard Wooly croton Spiny cocklebur Tick trefoil Wild aster Wooly plantain Spotted catsear Toadflax Wild buckwheat Wormseed Spotted knapweed Trailing Crownvetch Wild carrot Yarrow Yellow rocket Wild four-o'-clock Spotted spurge Tumble mustard Spurge Tumble piaweed Wild garlic Yellowflower pepperweed Spurweed Tumbleweed Wild geranium and other broadleaf

After applying this product, many broadleaf weeds will begin to show visible signs of leaf curl within a few days. Some hard-to-control broadleaf weeds may require a second broadcast treatment in 3 to 4 weeks.

Wild lettuce

weeds.

RECOMMENDED MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Fill spray tank with water. Start agitation and slowly add the recommended amount of concentrate. Maintain continuous agitation after mixing and during application. If this product is allowed to stand in tank for extended periods of time, some separation may occur. Reagitate before use.

TURE APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply 3 to 4 pints of this product per acre (1.1 to 1.5 ozs./1,000 sq.ft.) to control above listed broadleaf weeds.

The maximum use rate for most warm season grasses is 3 pints per acre.

Velvet leaf

Make application using equipment that will ensure uniform coverage (see specific application directions below). Foliar sprays should be applied during warm weather when weeds are actively growing. Application under drought conditions may provide less than desirable results. When hard-to-control species are prevalent, when applications are made in late summer, when weeds are mature, or during drought conditions, use the higher rates.

On closely moved golf course fairway bentgrass, apply this product at a maximum rate of 2 pints in 20 to 240 gallons of water per acre (0.73 fluid ounces in 0.5 to 5.5 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet). During conditions which promote turf stress use lower rates, 1 to 1.5 pints in 20 to 240 gallons of water per acre (0.36 to 0.55 fluid ounces in 0.3 to 5.5 gallons per 1,000 square feet). Slight turf yellowing will disappear after one week. To minimize grass injury, a second application should not be made for at least 4 weeks. Avoid swath overlaps. Do not use on golf course greens or tees.

Note: Broadleaf weeds germinate at different times of the year. Only emerged weeds present at the time of application will be controlled by this product.

Standard Volume Broadcast Applications: Apply 3 to 4 pints of this product in enough water to deliver 20 to 200 gallons of total spray mix per acre (0.5 to 5 gallons spray per 1.000 square feet). Higher application volumes may be used when this product is tank mixed with liquid fertilizers.

Low Volume Broadcast Applications: Apply 3 to 4 pints of this product in enough water to deliver from 5 to 40 gallons of total spray mixture per acre. Use low pressures and application equipment capable of delivering a uniform droplet size that can wet the weed leaf surface.

Targeted Zone Applications or Spot Treatment Using Portable Sprayers: Mix 0.5 to 1.0 ounce of this product in enough water to make one gallon of spray and apply at any time broadleaf weeds are actively growing. Target plants should be sprayed to wet but not beyond point of runoff.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Always store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Store at temperatures above 25°F. Protect from freezing. If allowed to freeze, remix well before using. Freezing does not alter the product. Containers should be opened in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. Do not store near open containers of fertilizer, seed or other pesticides.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed, labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL FOR NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Desirable plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control of Helena Chemical Company or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Helena Chemical Company and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) Seller or Helena Chemical Company, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent allowed by law, Helena Chemical Company or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR AT THE ELECTION OF HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

This Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

(RV030606N)

Battleship is a Registered Trademark of Helena Chemical Company

Contains patented technology.

BATTLESHIP® III SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ORNAMENTAL TURF INCLUDING SOD FARMS

CONTAINS MCPA, FLUROXYPYR, AND TRICLOPYR

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OTHER INGREDIENTS:	53.64%
TOTAL:	100.00%

By Isomer Specific AOAC Method, Equivalent to:

 "2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxyacetic Acid
 30.90%, 2.85 lbs/gal

 ***((4-amino-3-5-dichloro-6-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)oxy)acetic Acid
 3.09%, 0.29 lbs/gal

 ****3,5,6-Trichloro-2-Pyridinyloxyacetic Acid
 2.92%, 0.27 lbs/gal

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or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

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PRODUCT DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed, labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal for Non-Refillable Containers: Triple rinse (or

equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

EPA REG. NO. 228-453-5905

HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY

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