

Preemergent Herbicide for the Control of Annual Grasses, Annual Sedges, and Annual Broadleaf Weeds in Production Ornamentals, Shadehouses, Hoophouses, and Hardscapes DO NOT USE FOR THE MANUFACTURING OF FERTILIZER

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
INDAZIFLAM	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL:	100.000%
Contains 0.0112 lbs of INDAZIFLAM in a 50 lb bag	
EPA Reg. No. 432-1523	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

For <u>MEDICAL</u> and <u>TRANSPORTATION</u> Emergencies <u>ONLY</u> Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For <u>PRODUCT USE</u> Information Call 1-800-331-2867



a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. e person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. <u>not give anything to an unconscious person.</u> d eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. nove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
e off contaminated clothing. se skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
ve person to fresh air. erson is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS:

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing and PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash body thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean watermark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment rinsate or washwater. This product may enter water through runoff. Follow directions for use to avoid runoff. A level well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for getting into water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

Surface Water Advisory: This pesticide may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application.

Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Always wear protective clothing and use appropriate equipment during application and handling. Avoid contact with granules. Avoid breathing dust.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Marengo[®] G is a selective, pre-emergent alkylazine herbicide. Marengo G provides extended residual control of many annual grasses including crabgrass, goosegrass, and annual bluegrass, as well as annual sedges, and some broadleaf weeds in production nursery including in-ground and container woody plants, ornamentals, non-bearing fruit and nut trees in nurseries and ornamental production facilities (such as shadehouses, lathhouses and hoophouses), as well as hardscapes.

Marengo G controls weeds by reducing the emergence of seedlings through inhibition of cellulose biosynthesis (CB Inhibitor). Necrosis or yellowing may be observed if the herbicide is applied to herbaceous tissue such as leaves and green stems of susceptible plants including sensitive ornamentals. Marengo G does

not control plants emerging from tubers, rhizomes, bulbs, corms, existing rootstocks, and woody vegetation.

Marengo G needs to be activated prior to weed germination for most effective control. For maximum activity against germinating weeds, Marengo G requires rainfall or irrigation prior to weed germination.

Marengo G is a highly active herbicide that provides effective weed control when applied to the soil around many woody ornamentals grown in-ground. Marengo G may also be used over-the-top of listed container-grown ornamentals with adequate precautions. Marengo G may damage sensitive plants, if granules are allowed to remain in contact with foliage. Carefully apply Marengo G in strict accordance to the label. Be sure to follow all label instructions.

Marengo G Conversion Table		
Rate in Ibs/Acre	Rate in Ibs/1000 sq ft	
100	2.3	
125	2.9	
133	3.1	
150	3.4	
200	4.6	
400	9.2	

PRODUCT USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not exceed 200 lbs of Marengo G per acre (4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft) in a single application for ornamental applications.
- Do not exceed 400 lbs of Marengo G per acre (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft) for all applications within a 12-month period.
- Do not contaminate water intended for irrigation and domestic use.
- Do not apply using aerial application equipment.
- Marengo G is not for sale, distribution, or use in Nassau county, or Suffolk county, New York.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Apply Marengo G with clean, properly calibrated drop, rotary, hand shaker or other spreader equipment according to the manufacturer's directions. Check periodically to be certain that the equipment is working properly prior to each use. Uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control.

IRRIGATION AND WATERING AFTER APPLICATION

Marengo G will provide residual weed control when adequate moisture is present and the application is followed by rain or irrigation within 21 days and prior to weed seed germination. With dry soil, use 0.25 inch of irrigation water, and with soil at or greater than field capacity; reduce the amount of irrigation water. In either case, do not create conditions that cause visible run-off of irrigation water. Adequate rainfall following an application will negate the need for irrigation. For application to ornamentals over-the-top, irrigate within 1 hour to wash granules from the leaf surface and activate the product into the soil.

EQUIPMENT CLEANUP PROCEDURE

Equipment used to apply Marengo G must be cleaned prior to use on other sensitive ornamentals, or injury may result. Before and after using Marengo G, clean all equipment on an approved rinse pad. Wear proper PPE while cleaning equipment.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Marengo G controls weeds by inhibiting cellulose biosynthesis. Cellulose is a component in the formation of plant cell walls. Marengo G is classified as a Group 29 herbicide. No known resistance to Marengo G exists, and there are no known instances of cross-resistance between Marengo G and other classes of herbicides with other modes of action. Performance of Marengo G is not affected by the presence of biotypes resistant to glyphosate, triazines, ALS inhibitors, mitotic inhibitors, growth regulators, or herbicides with other modes of action.

Prolonged use of any herbicide with the same mode of action may lead to selection of resistant weed populations and a reduction in efficacy. Rotation of herbicides with an alternate mode of action can help prevent the development and spread of resistant weed populations. If resistance to Marengo G is suspected, use a herbicide with an alternate mode of action.

The decision to use any particular herbicide should be based on an IPM program and all cultural practices and other pesticides in use.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Marengo G**		
Broadleaf Weeds		
American black nightshade	Solanum americanum	
American Burnweed	Erechtites hieracifolia	
Bittercress	Cardamine sp.	
Black medic*	Medicago lupulina	
Buckweat, wild	Polygonum convolvulus	

(continued)

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Marengo G**		
Broadleaf Weeds		
California burclover	Medicago polymorpha	
Canada thistle, Common	Circium arvense	
Chickweed, Common	Stellaria media	
Chickweed, Mouse-ear	Cerastium vulgatum	
Clover, White	Trifolium repens	
Corn speedwell	Veronica arvensis	
Cudweed, Linear-leaf/purple	Gnaphalium purpureum	
Curly dock	Rumex crispus	
Dandelion, Cat's ear	Hypochoeris radicata	
Dandelion, common	Taraxacum officinale	
Eclipta	Eclipta alba	
Evening primrose,Common	Oenothera biennis	
Evening primrose, Cutleaf	Oenothera laciniata	
False chamomile*	Matricaria maritima	
Filaree, Redstem	Erodium cicutarium	
Florida pusley	Richardia scabra	
Groundsel, Common	Senecio vulgaris	
Hairy fleabane	Erigeron bonariensis	
Hairy nightshade	Solanum sarrachoides	
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule	
Marestail	Conyza canadensis	
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	
Lawn burweed	Soliva sessilis	
Little mallow	Malva parviflora	
London rocket*	Sisymbrium irio	
Longstalked phyllanthus	Phyllanthus tenellus	
Mustard, Black*	Brassica nigra	
Mustard, Wild	Sinapis arvensis	
Parthenium	Parthenium hysterophorus	
Pigweed, Prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides	

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Marengo G**		
Broadleaf Weeds		
Pigweed, Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	
Plantain, Buckhorn	Plantago lanceolata	
Plantain, Paleseed	Plantago virginica	
Prostrate knotweed	Polygonum aviculare	
Prostrate spurge	Euphorbia maculata	
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	
Ragweed, Common*	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	
Spurge, Spotted	Euphorbia maculata	
Tassel flower	Emilia sonchifolia	
Redmaids	Calandrinia caulescens	
Sesbania, Hemp*	Sesbania exaltata	
Shepherd's-purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	
Sida, Prickly/Teaweed*	Sida spinosa	
Southern brassbuttons*	Cotula australis	
Sowthistle, Annual	Sonchus oleraceus	
Sunflower*, Common	Helianthus annuus	
Swinecress	Coronopus didymus	
Tropic ageratum	Ageratum conyzoides	
Velvetleaf*	Abutilon theophrasti	
Vetch, Purple*	Vicia benghalensis	
Wild carrot*	Daucus carota	
Willowherb	Epilobium brachycarpum	
Woodsorrel, Yellow*	Oxalis stricta	
Woodsorrel/Oxalis*	Oxalis sp.	
GRASSES, MONOCOTS, AND SEDGES		
Annual bluegrass/ 'Poa'	Poa annua	
Annual kylinga	Cyperus sesquiflorus	
Barnyardgrass,Common	Echinochloa crus-galli	
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	

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GRASSES, MONOCOTS, AND SEDGES		
Crabgrass	Digitaria sp.	
Crabgrass, Henry	Digitaria ciliaris	
Crabgrass, Large/Hairy	Digitaria sanguinalis	
Crabgrass, Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	
Doveweed	Murdannia nudiflora	
Foxtail brome	Bromus rubens	
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi	
Foxtail, Green	Setaria viridis	
Foxtail, Yellow	Pennisetum glaucum	
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	
Guineagrass	Panicum maximum	
Kyllinga, Fraqrant/Annual	Kyllinga odorata	
Mouse barley	Hordeum murinum	
Rice flatsedge	Cyperus iria	
Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum	
Ryegrass, Perennial	Lolium perenne	
Sandbur	Cenchrus longispinus	
Sedge, Annual***	Cyperus spp.	
Tufted lovegrass	Eragrostis pectinacea	

* Weeds suppressed by Marengo G

- ** Higher labeled rates should be used if weed pressure is historically high or longer residual control is desired (See Use Rates in the Marengo G chart). Weed control can also be achieved with multiple applications of Marengo G. Do not exceed a total of 400 lbs of product per acre per year (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft/year) with multiple applications.
- *** Marengo G only controls sedges and kyllinga emerging from seed. It does not control perennial sedge emerging from nutlets or perennial forms of kyllinga.

ORNAMENTALS

Marengo G may be applied for pre-emergent weed control in production ornamentals in outdoor nurseries, shadehouses, and hoophouses. Apply Marengo G, prior to weed seed germination to dormant or actively growing ornamentals as listed in the table below. Apply Marengo G to established ornamentals. If the grower is uncertain about ornamental establishment after transplanting, wait 2 months before applying Marengo G.

USE RESTRICTIONS FOR MARENGO G ON PRODUCTION ORNAMENTALS

- Do not exceed the maximum single application rates specified under each ornamental use
- Do not exceed a total of 400 lbs of Marengo G per acre (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft) in a 12-month period.
- Do not allow granules applied "over-the-top" to remain in contact with foliage. Marengo G may cause localized injury to the foliage, especially young leaf tissue. If the granules should be in contact with the foliage after an application, wash off affected foliage.
- Do not use Marengo G on ornamentals where granules may become trapped in developing leaves or in meristematic areas (e.g. whorls of grasses and perennials such as hosta).
- Do not use Marengo G around bedding plants (including annuals and herbaceous plants not specified, or not listed as tolerant on this label).
- Do not use Marengo G around non-bearing fruit trees unless they are at least 1 year old (citrus), 5 years old (grape vines) and 3 years old (all others). Nonbearing trees are defined as trees that will not bear fruit until at least 1 year after treatment.
- Do not use Marengo G within the dripline of bearing fruit and nut trees.
- Do not mix Marengo G into the soil or potting mix. Mixing Marengo G into the potting mix may inhibit developing roots.
- Do not cultivate or disturb the soil surface after application of Marengo G as this may reduce weed control.

- If transplanting mature plants listed as tolerant on this label into soil treated with Marengo G within the preceding 12 months, replace existing soil around roots to minimize effects on plant establishment.
- Do not use Marengo G on ornamentals being grown in a greenhouse.
- Do not use Marengo G on nursery seedbeds, rooted cuttings, or young plants in liners.
- Do not apply Marengo G to plants growing in containers less than 6 inches wide.
- Do not apply Marengo G to plants less than 5 inches in height.
- Do not apply Marengo G to ornamental bulbs in production fields, landscapes, commercial fields, or residential sites after they have emerged.
- Do not apply Marengo G to herbaceous perennials on this label (e.g. daylily or hosta) after they have emerged.
- Do not apply Marengo G over-the-top of a deciduous ornamental at bud break.
- Do not apply Marengo G to unhealed budded grafts or other types of grafts.
- Do not apply Marengo G to drainage ditches

USE OF MARENGO G ON ORNAMENTALS IN COARSE AND SANDY SOILS

Soil conditions can affect the tolerance of ornamentals to Marengo G. Coarse or sandy soils may allow for downward movement of Marengo G into the root zone and cause significant root damage and phytotoxicity. Coarse soils, for example, may include significant quantities of sand, gravel, decomposed granite, and ground cinders. Prior to application of Marengo G on these soils, confirm soil texture with a soil test. Ornamentals grown in soil exceeding 80% sand or 20% gravel may be at risk. If Marengo G is to be applied in these soils, evaluate tolerance of a few plants of each ornamental in Marengo G treated soil for 2-3 months prior to a large scale application.

SYMPTOMS OF MARENGO G INJURY ON ORNAMENTALS

Marengo G may injure sensitive ornamentals by damaging roots or leaves. Plants damaged by root uptake will appear stunted, deformed, and may not recover. If granules of Marengo G are allowed to remain in contact with treated plants, leaf symptoms may appear as lesions, discoloration, or curling. Symptoms may appear within 2-4 weeks after application. Newly formed leaves may be undamaged. It is essential that the user assess the severity of any symptoms on cultivars not listed on this label, before proceeding with large-scale applications of Marengo G.

PRODUCTION ORNAMENTAL USES

IN-GROUND

Marengo G provides 3-8 months of weed control with a single application. The exact length of control depends on many environmental factors as well as the weeds to be controlled and weed pressure. Marengo G may be applied to the soil surface around established field or container grown deciduous and evergreen plants. To avoid root damage, do not apply Marengo G until 2 months after transplanting bare rooted stock, and make sure that soil is well settled around the root area. If transplanting potted plants or balled and burlapped ornamental stock, apply Marengo G after the soil is well settled. Overhead irrigation or rainfall will help to settle the soil and seal surface cracks.

Application of Marengo G can be made around dormant or actively growing plants. If applied after dormancy, care should be taken not to contact expanding buds or new leaves. Do not apply to trees that are less than one year old or have been transplanted less than one year, unless completely protected by non-porous wraps, grow tubes, waxed protectors or other forms of protection to young foliage and/or bark. Applications of Marengo G should only be made to ornamentals listed on this label. Marengo G should be applied to soil free of weeds, debris, and soil clods for optimum efficacy. Herbicidal efficacy may be reduced if soil is disturbed after application. A follow-up application may be made if the total applied per year is less than 400 lbs of Marengo G per acre (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft). Planting into soil treated with Marengo G should be delayed for 3 months to allow for dissipation of the product.

AMOUNT TO USE: Apply Marengo G to the soil around ornamentals at 100-200 lbs of Marengo G per acre (2.3-4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft).

CONTAINER

Marengo G may be applied as a single or in sequential applications over-the-top to container-grown, deciduous, and evergreen trees and shrubs with an established root system. Application of Marengo G to deciduous foliage or green bark may result in unacceptable injury. Over-the-top applications should be made to dry foliage. Applications made to wet foliage may cause the product to stick to the foliage and lead to localized injury. Ornamentals should be established in the container for at least 1 weeks to allow the soil to settle and plants should be at least 5 inches tall prior to applying Marengo G. Plants transplanted into containers must be done using weed free soil. Old, exposed soil mixes risk weed seed to germinate deeper in the pot. Marengo G will not prevent shoot emergence from the deeper weeds.

Remove granules from the leaves after application. Examine plants to make sure that granules that may have adhered to foliage have been removed. If granules remain on the leaves, plant injury may occur. If irrigating, do not create conditions that cause visible run-off of irrigation water.

APPLICATION OF MARENGO G ON HERBACEOUS PLANTS

Marengo G may injure many annuals, perennials, and foliage plants. The product should not be applied to these plants unless they are listed on this label as tolerant.

APPLICATION of MARENGO GTO ORNAMENTALS IN INDIVIDUAL CONTAINERS

Make sure that granules are evenly distributed on the soil surface.

For example, to apply Marengo G at a use rate of 200 lbs of product per acre(4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft), spread 0.34 grams into a 6-inch pot.

ORNAMENTALS AND THEIR CULTIVARS TO LERANT TO MARENGO G

Tolerant ornamentals and their cultivars are listed in the following table. If a cultivar to be treated is not listed on this label, treat several plants of the cultivar at the single maximum use rate (200 lbs per acre (4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft)) and evaluate 1-2 months later for possible injury and acceptable tolerance. The user assumes responsibility for application on plants not listed in this table.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Arborvitae	Thuja sp.	Green Giant
Asparagus fern	Asparagus plumosus	

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Azalea	Rhododendron sp.	Girard's Rose Fashion VF 14 Judge Solomon

ORNAMENTALS AND THEIR CULTIVARS TOLERANT TO MARENGO G (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Azalea, Encore	Rhododendron sp.	Autumn Debutante
Beautybush	Kolkwitzia amabilis	
Big bluestem	Andropogon gerardii	
Black Hawthorn	Crataegus douglasii	
Bleeding heart vine	Clerodendrum thomsoniae	Bleeding Heart
Bluebird	Caryopteris x clandonensis	Dark Knight
Bottlebrush, Crimson	Callestemon citrinus	
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea sp.	Barbara Karst Double Red
Boxwood	Buxus microphylla	Green Beauty Baby Gem
Butterfly bush	Buddleia	Nanho Blue
Camellia, Japanese	Camellia japonica	Margaret Heathcliff Pink
Camellia, Little leaf	Camellia sasanqua	Cleopatra Pink
Cedar, Atlantic white	Chamaecyparis thyoides	
Cedar, Japanese	Cryptomeria japonica	Black Dragon Yoshino
Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica Lagerstroemia indica x fauriei Lagerstroemia indica x fauriei	Sarah's Favorite, Pocomoke Pink Burgundy Cotton Rose Red Siren Red Natchez Tuscarora
Cypress, false	Chamaecyparis sp.	Gold Mops Gold Thread
Cypress, Leyland	Cupressus x leylandii	
Cypress, mediterranean	Cupressus sempervirens	
Daphne	Daphne caucasica	Summer Ice
Daylily (before unfurling)	Hemerocallis sp.	Green Flutter
Deutzia	Deutzia gracilis	Nikko
Eastern Ninebark	Physocarpus opulifolius	Coppertina Darts Gold
Florida pipestem	Leucothoe populifolia	

ORNAMENTALS AND THEIR CULTIVARS TOLERANT TO MARENGO G (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Forsythia	Forsythia Forsythia x intermedia	Lynwood Gold Golden Bell
Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	Radicans
Gardenia		Mystery, Frostproof
Gaura	Gaura lindheimeri	Pink Fountain
Gold-Dust Plant	Aucuba japonica	Gold Dust
Hardy kiwi	Actinidia arguta	Anna
Hawaiian snowbush	Breynia disticha	
Hibiscus	Hibiscus paramutabilis x syriacus	Lohengrin
Hibiscus, Chinese	Hibiscus rosa- sinensis	San Diego Red, President Red
Holly, Dwarf Burford	llex cornuta	Burdordii Nana
Holly, Inkberry	llex glabra	Compacta
Holly, Meservae	llex meserveae	Blue Princess
Holly, Sky pencil	llex crenata	Sky Pencil
Honeysuckle, European	Lonicera periclymenum	Harlequin
Hosta (before emergence)	Host sp	
Indian hawthorn	Raphiolepis indica	Pink Lady
Japanese cleyera	Ternstroemia gymnanthera	
Japanese mock- orange	Pittosporum tobira	Variegata
Japanese Plum Yew	Cephalotaxus harringtonia	Fastigiata
Japanese Yew	Taxus x media	Densiformis
Jasmine, Asiatic/ Yellow Star	Trachelospermum asiaticum	Minima
Jasmine, Winter	Jasminum nudiflorum	
Juniper, Bar Harbour	Juniperus horizontalis	Bar Harbour
Juniper, Blue Pacific	Juniperus conferta	Blue Pacific
Juniper, Blue Rug	Juniperus horizontalis	Blue Rug
Juniper, Blue Star	Juniperus squamata	Blue Star

ORNAMENTALS AND THEIR CULTIVARS TOLERANT TO MARENGO G (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Juniper	Juniperus chinensis	Sea Green
Lantana	Lantana camara	Landmark Sunrise Rose
Lilac	Syringa x 'Penda'	Bloomerang
Lilac, Manchurian	Syringa 'pubescens' subsp. Patula	Miss Kim
Lily of the valley shrub	Pieris japanica var. Yak Pieris japonica	Cavatine Mountain Fire,
Loropetalum	Loropetalum chinensis	Burgundy, Ruby, Plum Purple, Rubra
Magnolia, Loebner	Magnolia x loebneria	Leonard Messel
Magnolia, Star	Magnolia stellata	Waterlilly
Maple, Japanese	Acer palmatum	Bloodgood
Maple, Red	Acer rubrum	Frank's Red
Mealycup sage	Salvia farinacea	Victoria white
Nandina	Nandina domestica	Firepower
Oleander	Nerium oleander	Cardinal Red
Passionvine	Passiflora caerulea	Blue
Periwinkle	Vinca minor	
Periwinkle, Madagascar	Catharathus Roseus	Titan Lilac
Photinia	Photinia x fraseri	Red Tip
Pine, Loblolly	Pinus taeda	
Pine, Mondell	Pinus eldarica	
Pine, White	Pinus strobus	
Podocarpus	Podocarpus macrophyllus	
Potentilla, Shrubby Cinquefoil	Potentilla fruticosa	Goldfinger
Privet, Vicary Golden	Ligustrum x vicary	Vicary Golden
Pyracantha/Firethorn	Pyrancantha coccinea	Red Cushion
Red Cedar, eastern	Juniperus virginiana	ldyllwild
Rose	Rosa sp.	Pink Knockout®, Knockout®, Louis Philippe
Rose, Virginia	Rosa virginiana	
Rose mallow	Hibiscus moscheutos	

ORNAMENTALS AND THEIR CULTIVARS TOLERANT TO MARENGO G (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Rose of Sharon	Hibiscus syriacus	Pink Heart
Russian olive	Elaeagnus angustifolia	
Scotchbroom	Cytisus scoparius	Burkwoodii
Serviceberry	Amelanchier canadensis	
Smoketree	Cotinus coggygria	Royal Purple
Sweet olive, fragrant tea olive	Osmanthus fragrans	
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	Shenandoah
Thin-fruit sedge	Carex flaccosperma	
Verbena	Verbena canadensis	Homestead Purple
Viburnum, Burkwood	Viburnum x burkwoodii	
Viburnum, Popcorn	Viburnum plicatum	Popcorn
Virginia sweetspire	ltea virginica	
Wax myrtle, Southern	Myrica cerifera (w/ woody growth)	
Witchalder, dwarf	Fothergilla gardenii	
Yellow Anise	Illicium parviflorum	

Do not use Marengo G on any of these plants or their cultivars; injury will occur.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Astilbe	Astilbe chinensis
Barberry	Berberis thunbergii
Blue fescue grass	Festuca glauca
California Lilac	Ceanothus x pallidus
Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea
Croton	Codiaeum variegatum
Dewdrops	Duranta erecta
Dianthus	Dianthus sp.
Elderberry, Blue	Sambucus nigra
Euonymus, Japanese	Euonymus japonicus
Feather reed grass	Calamagrostis x acutiflora
Fountain grass	Pennisetum alopecuroides
Fountain grass, Purple	Pennisetum setaceum

(continued)

Do not use Marengo G on any of these plants or their cultivars; injury will occur. (continued)

Hydrangea	Hydrangea macrophylla
Ixora	Ixora coccinea
Japanese Rose	Kerria japonica
Lavender, Munstead	Lavandula angustifolia
Lilyturf	Liriope sp.
Muhlygrass	Muhlenbergia capillaris
Mandevilla	Mandevilla sp.
Mint	Mentha sp.

Do not use Marengo G on any of these plants or their cultivars; injury will occur. (continued)

Mondo grass	Ophiopogon japonicus
Plumbago	Plumbago auriculata
Privet, Japanese	Ligustrum japonicum
Sage	Salvia spp.
Spirea	Spiraea japonica
Sweet viburnum	Viburnum odoratissimum
Pepperbush, Summersweet	Clethera alnifolia
Tickseed, Dwarf mouse-ear	Coreopsis auriculata

NON-SELECTIVE USES HARDSCAPES

Marengo G may be used to maintain bare ground in non-crop areas. These include but are not limited to gravel, rocky or sandy areas found in desert climates and non-paved paths on golf courses and in residential areas. All weeds and debris should be removed from the area to be treated for optimum weed control. Irrigation or rainfall after application will provide maximum weed control. Apply 200-400 lbs of Marengo G per acre (4.6-9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft) for these uses.

Observe all restrictions and tolerances for applications of Marengo G around ornamentals listed on this label.

ORNAMENTAL PRODUCTION FACILITIES

Marengo G may be used in ornamental production facilities on floors of hoophouses, lathhouses, and shadehouses to provide bare ground and general weed control beneath benches and potted plants. Make applications to these sites during clean up, sanitation, and preparation prior to plant production. Apply 200lbs of Marengo G per acre (4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft) for these uses.

If weeds are present at the time of application, remove weeds or use a post emergent herbicide observing all use restrictions. Water in Marengo G after application and allow treated area to dry prior to introducing plants. In production nurseries, containers or plants can be moved onto the treated ground bed area after it has been irrigated to activate the herbicide and the treated surface is allowed to dry. Apply 200 lbs of Marengo G per acre (4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft) for these uses.

Do not apply Marengo G to areas where water is present or where water can potentially move Marengo G off the application area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container only. Store in a manner to prevent cross-contamination of other pesticides, fertilizer, food, and feed. Do not store in or around the home. Store in a dry, locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Offer for recycling, if available. Dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration; or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

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